

Local Climate Adaptive Living Facility (LoCAL)

Financing local climate change adaptation



LoCAL for me is the right fix for people at the community level.

- Ebrima Sawaneh

Director of Community Development Department Ministry of Lands and Regional Government, The Gambia

Bridging the finance and capacity gap

The Local Climate Adaptive Living Facility (LoCAL) helps local government authorities in developing and least developed countries access the climate finance and capacity-building and technical support they need to respond

and adapt to climate change. A standard, internationally recognized mechanism designed and hosted by the UN Capital Development Fund (UNCDF), LoCAL promotes climate change–resilient communities and local economies.

Why local?

While much attention is given to international climate negotiations and national-level action, the impacts of climate change are most dramatically observed – and experienced – at

the local level. Local governments can be a powerful ally in promoting climate change adaptation and building resilient communities because they:



Understand local needs

and are on the front line of climate change adaptation action



Have a mandate

to undertake small to medium-sized adaptation and infrastructure investments – e.g. in agriculture and irrigation, water and sanitation, transport and drainage, and natural resource management



Can bring together various actors

for results, including
national-level institutions,
civil society bodies,
the private sector and
decentralized government
departments

Why LoCAL?

LoCAL is an internationally recognized country-based mechanism that channels climate finance to local government authorities in developing countries. LoCAL responds to the Paris Agreement and contributes to achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) – particularly SDG 1, ending poverty; SDG 11, sustainable cities and communities; and SDG 13, combating climate change and its impacts – with concrete action at the local level.

LoCAL is:

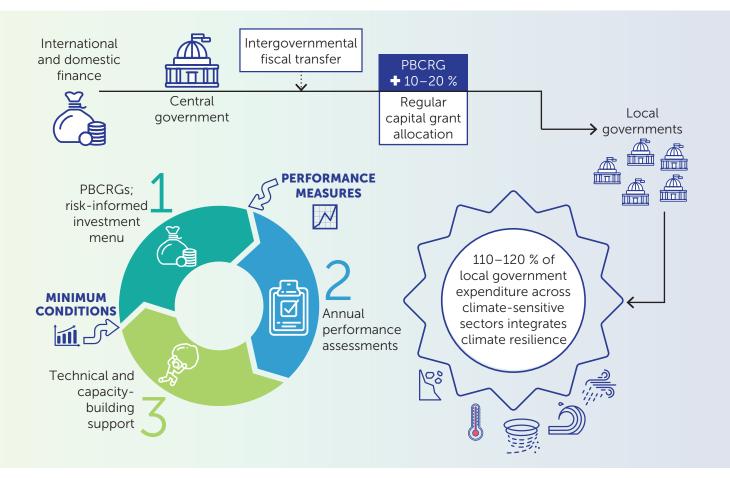
- Systemic and scalable, as it uses government systems rather than project or parallel approaches
- Flexible and sustainable, as it is tailored to national circumstances and contextualized for local climate responses
- Standardized, in its design, quality assurance, monitoring and reporting



How LoCAL works

LoCAL combines **performance-based climate resilience grants (PBCRGs)** – which ensure programming and verification of climate change expenditures at the local level while offering

strong incentives for performance improvements in enhanced resilience – with **technical and capacity-building support**.



PBCRGs provide a financial top-up to cover the additional costs of making local investments climate resilient; these are channelled through existing government fiscal transfer systems. The grants include minimum conditions, performance measures and a menu of eligible investments. Putting them in place typically involves:

- Undertaking local climate risk assessments to inform adaptation planning and mainstreaming
- Integrating adaptation in a **participatory and gender-sensitive** manner in their
 local development planning and budgeting
 processes

- Disbursing **grants** in the context of local governments' annual planning and budgeting cycles
- Developing, selecting and implementing adaptation measures
- Appraising performance to determine how additional resources have been used and conducting audits as part of a regular national process; these performance results inform the next year's PBCRG allocations and capacity-building support
- Providing capacity-building and technical support activities to identified needs at the policy, institutional and individual levels

Where is LoCAL?

Over 20 countries worldwide have adopted the LoCAL mechanism; country initiatives are at various phases of implementation:

1: Piloting involves initiating LoCAL in 2–4 local governments over 1–2 cycles of investments, collecting lessons and fine-tuning the mechanism

II: Consolidating involves expanding and demonstrating LoCAL effectiveness at a larger scale, typically in over 5–10 local governments

ill: Scaling-up is gradual nation-wide roll-out of LoCAL as the national system for channelling domestic and international adaptation finance to the local level



LoCAL action delivers local results

- Serves as **proven mechanism** for international community to channel climate change finance to world's most remote and vulnerable regions and populations
- Recognized by Least Developed Countries
 Expert Group of UN Framework Convention
 on Climate Change as proven avenue for
 vertical integration of national adaptation
 plans with guideline approval and forthcoming
 ISO certification
- Integrates climate change adaptation into local development planning
- Supports implementation of national climate change strategies, such as nationally determined contributions, national adaptation plans and decentralization policies

- Builds stronger and more transparent government financial systems through PBCRGs
- Enables community participation in local development planning, implementation and monitoring
- Prioritizes needs of women and youths, so climate finance benefits those needing it most
- Contributes to climate-related SDGs and local economic development, particularly in the green economy, stimulating job creation as well as micro, small and medium enterprises
- Helps countries earn **accreditation** to access international climate funds
- Strengthens climate change adaptation monitoring and reporting

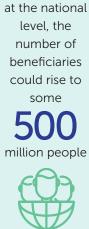
LoCAL by the numbers

















countries in their Green Climate Fund accreditation, of which

countries have been successful to date



GREEN CLIMATE FUND

For more information:

Email: LoCAL.Facility@uncdf.org

Website: www.uncdf.org/local

YouTube: www.youtube.com/local-uncdf

☑ Twitter: @UNCDFLoCAL



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