



Clients at the Center: Customer Journey Mapping

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Sinapi Aba
SAVINGS & LOANS
Transforming Lives Through Micro Finance



OPPORTUNITY
International

Focus on Clients: Using Client Journey Mapping

- 
1. Client Journey Mapping: Background
 2. Methodology and Implementation
 3. Findings and Action Points
 4. Reflections on Findings and Methodology
 5. Discussion



CLIENT JOURNEY MAPPING: BACKGROUND

WHY?

ITV TRIGGERS



REACHING RURAL AREAS
with Digital Financial Services **#DFSgoRURAL**

TRIGGER MAPPING



CLIENT JOURNEY MAPPING: BACKGROUND

PRINCIPLES

1. **Focus on in-depth interactions** with a smaller number of individuals.
2. **Participation from those living in a particular region or community**, including the research and planning methods along with participants in the study itself.
3. **Team diversification** to include local people with perspective and knowledge of the area's conditions, traditions, and social structure and either nationals or expatriates with a complementary mix of disciplinary backgrounds and experience.
4. **Adaptability based on the particular context**, such as the size and skill mix of the team, the time and resources available, and the topic and location of the work.




CLIENT JOURNEY MAPPING: BACKGROUND

RESEARCH QUESTION

What difficulties do clients face in accessing Sinapi loans and savings products, and how can these difficulties best be remedied?



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METHODOLOGY AND IMPLEMENTATION

PREPARATION

- Determine group constituency
- Advance notice to branch managers



Location	Group
Urban (Accra Central Market)	Susu Savers Microenterprise Clients SME Clients SME Clients
Rural (Offinso)	Susu Savers Non-Savers/Non-Clients Microenterprise Clients Small Group Loan Clients
Peri-Urban (Obuasi)	Small Group Loan Clients Microenterprise Clients Susu Savers Non-Savers/Non-Clients

METHODOLOGY AND IMPLEMENTATION

PREPARATION

- Gather team (Multiple bank functions represented!)
- Review principles
- Discuss adaptations
- Practice



METHODOLOGY AND IMPLEMENTATION

FOCUS GROUPS















METHODOLOGY AND IMPLEMENTATION

Client Journey Map

Journey: First Impressions, Courtship, Marriage



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ANALYSES



FINDINGS AND ACTION POINTS

ANALYSES

“Headache” List by Service/Location

Headaches by Group by Location		Headaches by Group by Service		
(KEY QUESTION: Are there any thematic patterns that follow location regardless of service?)		(KEY QUESTION: Are there thematic patterns that follow service regardless of location?)		
URBAN	(1. Urban Susu Savers, 3. Rural Susu Savers, 9. Peri-Urban Susu Savers)	SUSU	(1. Urban Susu Savers, 3. Rural Susu Savers, 9. Peri-Urban Susu Savers)	
- FI	go	- M(S)	were especially appreciative of the MBS that encouraged savings	(1 Urban ME Client)
- FI	lose	- M(S)	did not like when MBS did not come in time	(1 Urban ME Client)
- FI	long	- M(S)	did not like network downtime for POS devices	(1 Urban ME Client)
- FI	Relu	- M(S)	see imbalances in account ???	(3 Rural Susu)
- FI	Dou	- M(S)	not enough information on savings accounts	(3 Rural Susu)
- M(S)	wer	- M(S)	Dislike cost of SMS messages	(9 Peri Susu)
- M(S)	did	- M(S)	Don't get interest on Susu savings	(9 Peri Susu)
- M(S)	did	- M(S)	Want ATM machines	(9 Peri Susu)
- M(S)	savi	- M(S/L)	for help in filling in forms	(1 Urban ME Client)
- M(S)	savi	- M(S/L)	did not like when they had to wait long for the CSA to attend to them	(1 Urban ME Client)
- M(S)	Que	- M(L)	did not like long procedures for loan approval	(1 Urban ME Client)
- M(S)	No	- M(L)	difficult to understand loan terms	(3 Rural Susu)
- M(S)	Col	- M(L)	why are loan interest rates higher than savings interest rates?	(3 Rural Susu)
- M(S/L)	for	- M(L)	Loan term is too short, would like 3-9 months	(3 Rural Susu)
- M(S/L)	did	- M(L)	Dislike flat interest rate, would like reducing interest	(3 Rural Susu)
- M(S/L)	lots	- M(L)	Why compulsory savings? Guarantor should be enough, insurance should be enough	(3 Rural Susu)
- M(S/L)	proc			
- M(S/L)	netw			
- M(S/L)	SMS			
- M(S/L)	No			
- M(S/L)	New			
- M(S/L)	quicker turnaround			
- M(L)	dis			
- M(L)	long			
- M(L)	colla			
- M(L)	app			
- M(L)	disli			

Headaches by Group by Service

Observations (dtd team)

Overarching

- Younger clients (Age 23 and younger) were significantly more vocal about headaches during this process than older clients.
- Literacy may be interesting to examine further (illiterate clients had fewer headaches during courtship and comparatively more during marriage).
- Lower income clients expressed fewer headaches across the board
 - May indicate lower income clients felt less comfortable expressing headaches?
 - power dynamic present due to economic stratification?
- No obvious difference between clients and non-clients when it comes to processes and headaches.

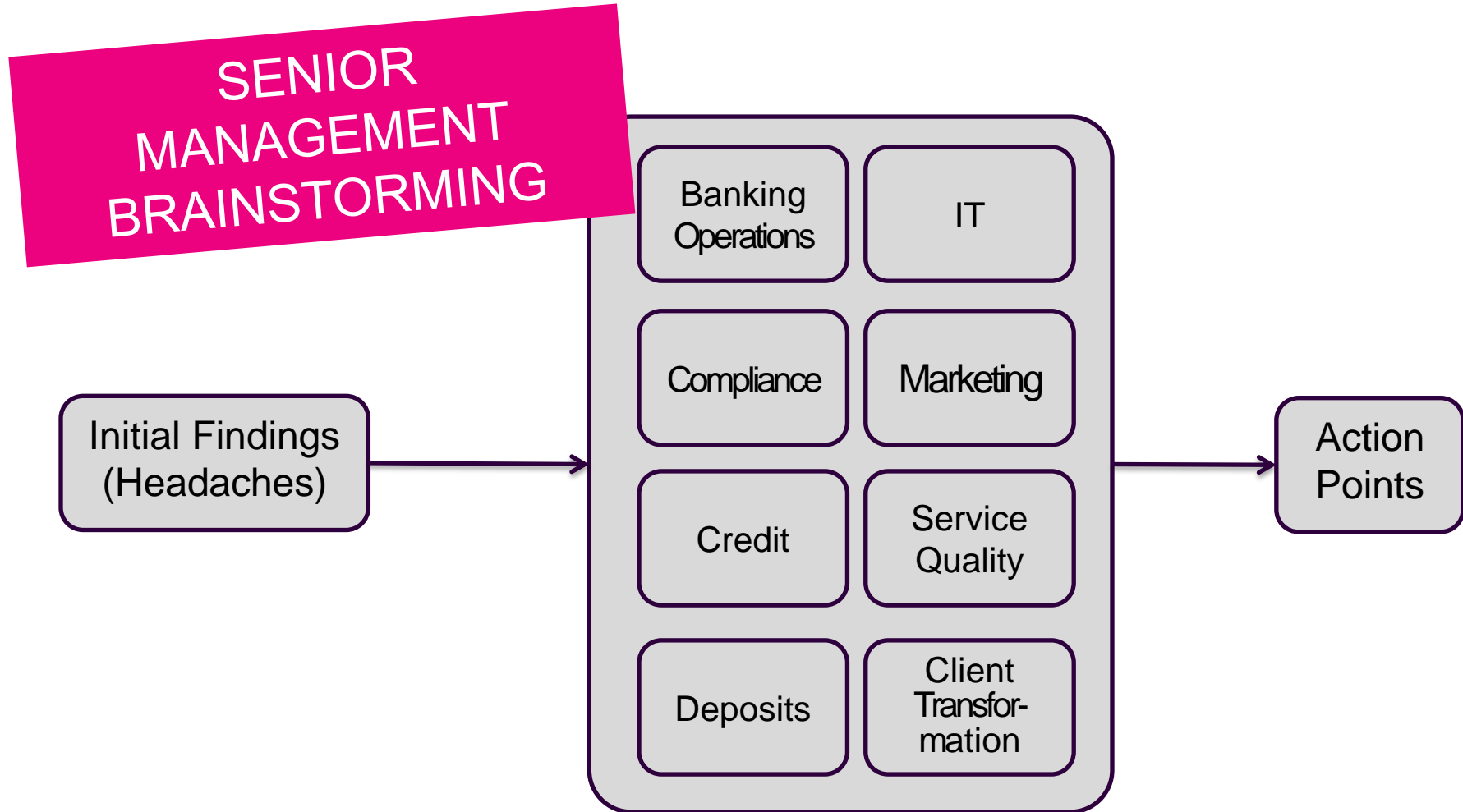
First Impressions

- Word of Mouth, including RO marketing, were by far the most common ways that clients learned about Sinapi Aba.
- Relationships being key to successful outreach
 - May indicate significance of prevalent nonverbal forms of marketing and perhaps being more prevalent than nonverbal forms of marketing.
- Younger clients (Age 23 and younger) were vocal about headaches during this process; No complaints stated by older clients.
- First impression concerns seemed to come primarily from Micro Enterprise clients and SME clients???
- Most first impression concerns came from Urban areas, less from peri-urban and rural areas.

ANALYSES

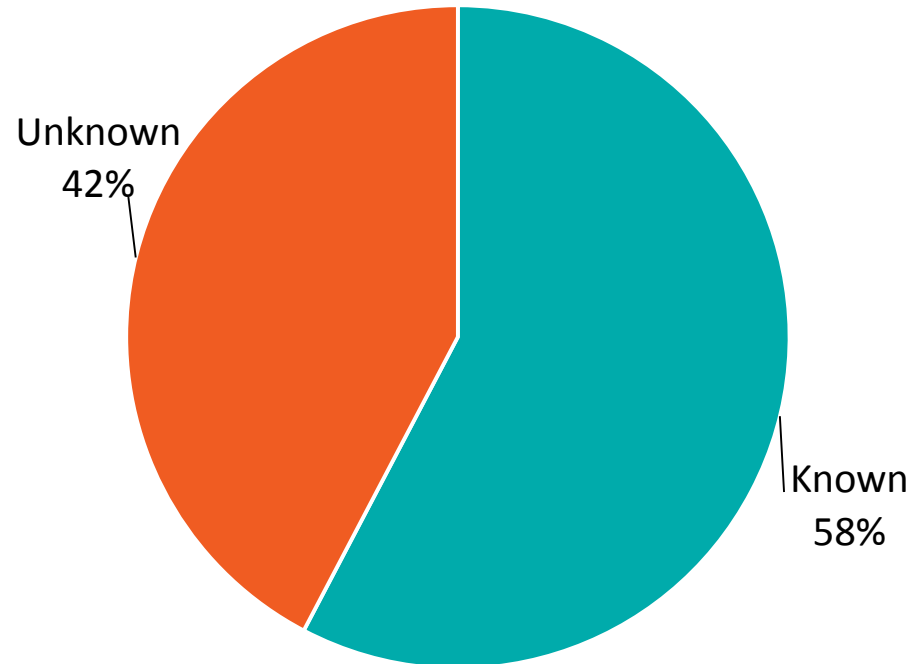
Spreadsheet Pivot Tables & Observations

FINDINGS AND ACTION POINTS



FINDINGS AND ACTION POINTS

HEADACHES



FINDINGS AND ACTION POINTS

SOLUTIONS TO KNOWN HEADACHES

- “Withdrawals inconvenient.” Educate on field withdrawals as alternatives to branches/ATMs
- “Loan approval process has become long.” Online loan approvals for quicker approval process
- “SASL is not a bank.” Engage media for campaigns to publicize the conversion into an S&L.



FINDINGS AND ACTION POINTS

SOLUTIONS TO UNKNOWN HEADACHES

- “SMS messages were annoying – not private, cost, language” Use voice message in local language.
- Observation: Confusion from illiterate people on process, policies. Enhanced, better training, visual aids
- “Loyal, long-term clients are not valued.”
 - Review gifts and gift policies;
 - promotionals that cover all clients;
 - have management listen to customers;
 - birthday calls;
 - product & service updates to all;
 - refreshments during training.



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REFLECTIONS ON FINDINGS AND METHODOLOGY

REFLECTION on FINDINGS

- Broad or narrow research question works
- Marriage analogy worked OK BUT where to draw the line? Important is why YES why NO for a specific decision
- Imagined persona did not work – average of members used instead
- Low comfort level with some questions – literacy skipped



REFLECTIONS ON FINDINGS AND METHODOLOGY

REFLECTION on FINDINGS

- Helpful to have 2-3 researchers per group
- 1 interviewer can draw – clients don't need to draw
- More follow-up questions if ... (pause to process)
- Prioritization – pick 3 or dot voting
- Aggregation for senior management OK – but be specific
- Staff involvement = key (planning, research and development, marketing, and service quality represented)



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DISCUSSION

TOPICS for DISCUSSION

1. Some “adjustments” were useful (“average” personas & pivot tables). What do you think of them? Are there other improvements you can think of?
2. How might Client Journey Mapping be useful for your organization? Pros/cons? Value and risk? Compared to other focus group methods?
3. Are there any other questions you may have? Happy to discuss them here as well!





Kwaku Acheampong is currently the Corporate Planning Manager of Sinapi Aba Savings and Loans. Over the past eight (8) years, he has served in several capacities at Sinapi Aba; one of the largest Savings and Loans Companies in Ghana with a core mandate to transform lives at the bottom of the pyramid through microfinance.

In his current role, he serves as direct intermediary between Sinapi Aba and several other stakeholders to deliver reports on operational indicators and financial ratios. Budgeting and scenario generation of Sinapi Aba's operational and financial indicators

Kwaku is an initiator with a proven record of designing and initiating key projects. He played a key role in the design and implementation of the IDPRS, Edify, and Opportunity International Deutschland Micro School Programs (an innovative intervention for rural private schools).

Kwaku holds an MBA in Finance from the Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology and a BSc. Planning Degree from the same university. He also holds a certificate Diploma in Financial Management from the Institute of Commercial Management U.K.

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Dana Lunberry, PMP serves Opportunity International as Senior Program Manager and Team Lead of the Program Management department. In her role, she supervises a team of Program Managers and is responsible for a portfolio of complex multi-country technical grants totaling over \$10 million. In addition to these roles, Dana is passionate about process improvement and has spearheaded various initiatives involving process analysis, design and optimization.

Dana initially joined Opportunity International in 2010 to manage the organization's online P2P donations program OptINnow. In 2011, she transitioned to become a Program Manager under Business Development, taking on a diversified portfolio of technical and private donor programs in Asia and Africa, including Opportunity's multi-country Banking on Education initiative. Before joining Opportunity, Dana worked as a Project Coordinator for the Council of Adult and Experiential Learning, an organization that specializes in adult education advocacy and job readiness. Prior to this role, she provided case management support for refugees at World Relief. From 2007-08, she served as a Kiva Fellow in Tanzania to launch new partnerships with local financial institutions, BRAC and Tujijenge Tanzania.

Dana holds an M.S. in Gender and Development from the London School of Economics and a B.A. from Wheaton College in International Development. She is certified as a Project Management Professional (PMP) and a Project Management for Development Professional (PMD Pro1).

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