



THE MM4P STORY OF DIGITAL FINANCIAL SERVICES IN MALAWI

The journey of MM4P in the warm heart of Africa

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US\$320

(2nd lowest in the world in 2016)

Gross domestic product per capita¹

Human Development Index³ (170th out of 188)

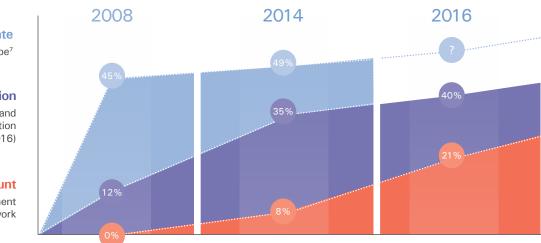




9.8m Adult population⁶

A vulnerable country...

...where financial inclusion matters



Financial inclusion rate FinScope⁷

Mobile penetration

ITU and 2008 Population and Housing Census, UN Population Statistics (2014, 2016)

Active registered account

MM4P Result Measurement Framework

¹ Malawi has the lowest gross domestic product per capita of any country in the world, based on 2016 World Bank data. World Bank, 2016

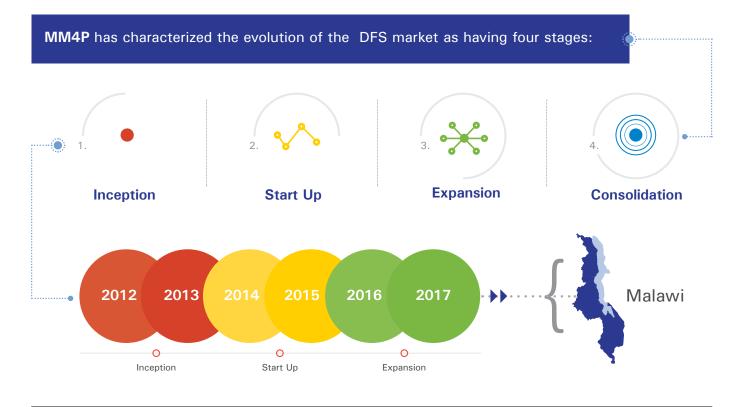
- ² World Bank, 2010
- ³ Human Development Report, 2016
- ⁴ World Bank, 2016
- ⁵ UN Population Statistics, 2016
- ⁶ Ihid

⁷ FinMark Trust, 2014; The FinScope Consumer Survey defines financial inclusion as the people that 'have/use financial products and/or services – formal and/or informal.' Source: FinMark Trust and Millennium Consulting Group, 'FinScope Consumer Survey Malawi 2014,' p. 18 (n.p., 2014).

Digital financial services market development 2012–2017

MM4P market development measurement

To determine a country's stage of digital financial services (DFS) market development, MM4P has identified eight indicators, for which it set milestones, that correspond to the four stages of development. This framework allows the programme to measure progress in the level of market development in its partner countries.



Inception stage is when there are no or few DFS providers active in the market, achieving limited outreach and working without clear policies or supportive DFS infrastructure.

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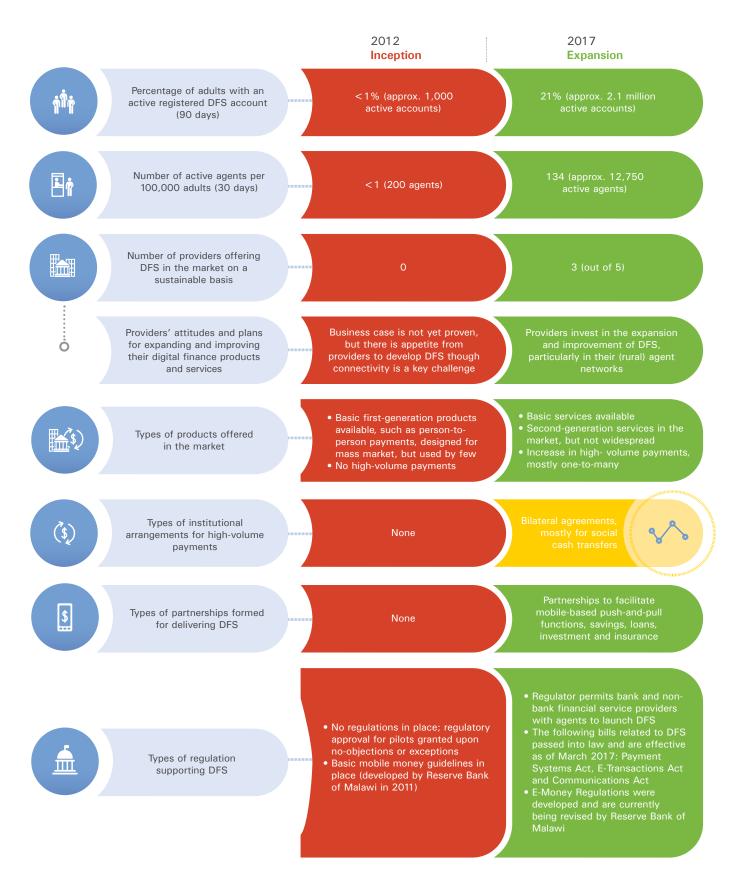
In **Start Up** stage, one or a few DFS providers offer basic 'first generation' products, available through a proprietary network of agents. Providers reach a moderate number of customer registrations, but there is low customer activity other than airtime top-ups. Regulatory issues begin to be resolved during this stage, enabling a greater range of products and agents.

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In Expansion stage, DFS providers start massive expansion. More advanced DFS are offered, the use of high-volume payments increases, and partnerships for distribution emerge. The regulator offers clear guidance and regulation on key issues.

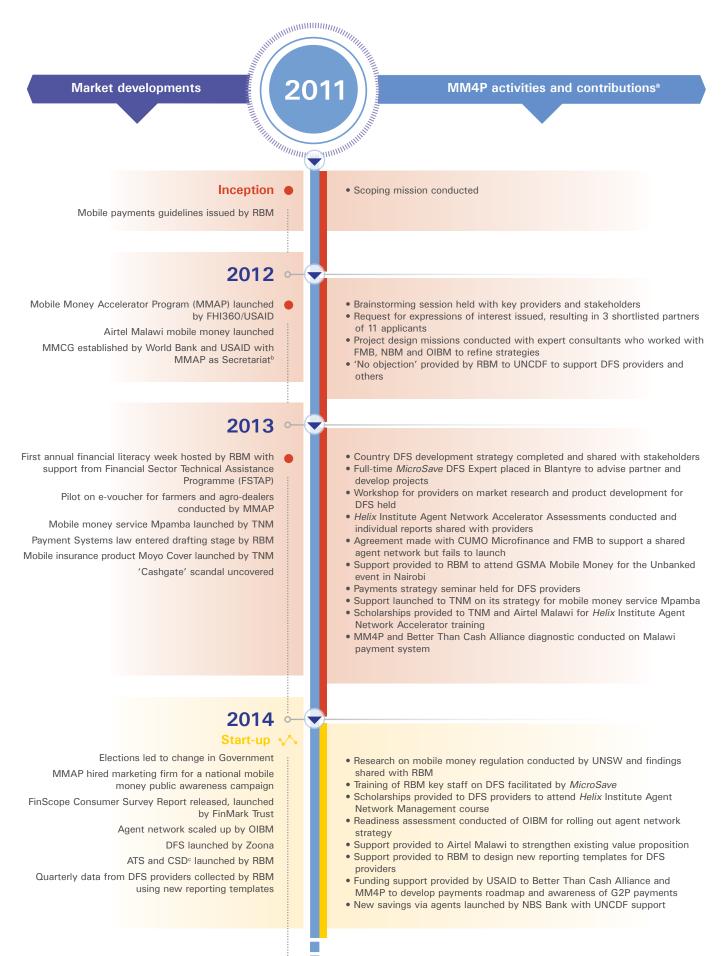
Consolidation stage is when a market has a range of competitive actors and services that are clearly regulated and interconnected. More than 35% of the adult population is actively using DFS.

Market development in Malawi: 2012-2017



Source: MM4P Result Measurement Framework, 2017

Digital financial services market development timeline



- NatSwitch launched by BAM and RBM
- National Taskforce on Electronic Payments (NTEP) established by RBM to acceleration usage of electronic payments

Legal and regulatory framework for financial consumer protection developed by FSTAP

- Training for key providers on innovations for rural DFS agents facilitated by
 Helix Institute
- Making Access Possible (MAP) study report finalized by Cenfri, FinMark Trust and UNCDF
- Six representatives from MSB, NBS Bank, OIBM and TNM participated in MM4P conference #DFSgoRural to learn sustainable strategies to serve rural customers
- DFS Expert placed at MoF to support digitization of payment system
- Support provided to RBM and Zoona on Zoona licensing
- Exposure visit for key government stakeholders to South Africa conducted on digitization of government payments
- Support provided to Airtel Mobile Money to improve its agent network
 MM4P served as Chair of DFSCG^d
- 2016 -

Expansion 🔆

- Mobile-based loan service Kutchova launched by Airtel Mobile-based investment service Mpamba Fesa launched by TNM
- Study on Assessment of DFS Regulatory Environment conducted by MMAP

2017

- Expression of interest provided by Airtel, TNM and Zoona to adopt human-centred-design approach to employ women agents and foster women's financial inclusion
 - Payment Systems, Communications and E-Transactions Acts passed
 - Directive on interoperability developed by RBM National Financial Inclusion Strategy 2016–2020 launched

- UNCDF and NBS Bank workshop on downscaling in Malawi through agent banking conducted with nine African partners
- Key staff from DFS providers chosen to attend DFI Digital Money course
 With USAID and FHI360, local government payments to chiefs identified and
- Piloted in two districtsFour representatives from Airtel Money and TNM participated in MM4P
- conference #DFS4Women to better understand how to leverage assets of women in DFS
- MM4P served as Secretariat of DFSCG^e
- With USAID and MoF, Malawi Government Payments Roadmap launched
 Better Than Cash Alliance peer exchange visit to India conducted on
- digitizing social protection payments
- Technical assistance provided to Airtel to improve quality of recruitment, retention and management of its agent networks
- Oxford Faculty of Law assignment made with RBM to assess functional risks of DFS

^a See annex 1 for details on workshops, events and exposure visits supported by MM4P, annex 2 for details on scholarships for trainings provided by MM4P, annex 3 for details on publications made by MM4P, annex 4 for details on technical assistance agreements made and other support provided by MM4P.

- ^b The Mobile Money Coordinating Group, or MMCG, was renamed Digital Financial Services Coordinating Group, or DFSCG, in 2015.
- ^c The Automated Transfer System, or ATS, is used for settling and clearing digital transactions efficiently. The Central Securities Depository, or CSD, facilitates electronic settlement of primary issues of government securities, RBM open-market operations and interbank money-market operations. ^d ibid.

[°] ibid.

Acronyms: ATS, Automated Transfer System; BAM, Bankers Association of Malawi; CSD, Central Securities Depository; DFI, Digital Frontiers Institute; FMB, First Merchant Bank; G2P, government to person; MMCG, Mobile Money Coordinating Group; MoF, Ministry of Finance, Economic Planning and Development; MSB, Malawi Savings Bank; NatSwitch, National Switch; NBM, National Bank of Malawi; RBM, Reserve Bank of Malawi; TNM, Telekom Networks Malawi; UNCDF, United Nations Capital Development Fund; UNSW, University of New South Wales; USAID, United States Agency for International Development

MM4P activities and contributions by workstream: 2012 – 2017



Supported the **DFS Coordinating Group (DFSCG)**, which is a platform for DFS providers to collaborate and speak with one voice, share experiences and best practices, and explore new partnership opportunities despite competition. Examples of new partnerships are the TNM - Old Mutual investment service Mpamba Fesa and the Airtel - FDH Bank loan service Kutchova. DFSCG also enhances DFS knowledge and skills of participants through workshops. MM4P has actively participated in the group since its inception in 2012 and acted as its Chair from January to December 2016. MM4P was the DFSCG Secretariat in 2017. Key outcomes of DFSCG include the following:

- Workshop on ecosystem approach in the development of the DFS market (March 2017)
- Collective feedback to Reserve Bank of Malawi (RBM) on the draft directive on interoperability (March 2017)
- Workshop on Southern African Development Community Mobile Money Guidelines (August 2017)
- Publication of a white paper on DFS price transparency and awareness (December 2017)

Facilitated the participation of government and private-sector representatives in **conferences and workshops** to introduce the DFS ecosystem and best practices to the industry. This action has resulted in both private-and-public-sector actors working together on new initiatives (e.g., including regulatory approvals for pilots based on no-objections, digitizing government payments, and increasing the number of women customers, agents and tellers).

Provided **scholarships** to the *Helix* Institute of Digital Finance and Digital Frontiers Institute (DFI) for government and private-sector representatives, increasing the depth of knowledge of each other's challenges and priorities beyond their respective 'piece of the DFS puzzle.'

UNCDF-MM4P has provided us with great support that has demonstrated how a correct mix of strategies can help build a robust DFS ecosystem that can reach out to low-income people in our country. We really appreciate their support and look forward to a continued cordial working relationship. (*Charles Kamoto, Managing Director, Airtel*)

UNCDF has been very instrumental in the development of DFS in Malawi through various initiatives, which include but [are] not limited to sensitization and capacity-building workshops and meetings for various key stakeholders in Malawi. UNCDF has also been at the core of the formation of a DFS Coordinating Group, where key industry players involved in DFS meet and brainstorm and strategize on how to increase the uptake of DFS in Malawi. (*Henry Silika, Director of Telecommunications, Malawi Communications Regulatory Authority [MACRA]*)

The MM4P programme contributed [to] enhancing dialogue and coordination among DFS providers and other stakeholders through its support to the DFS Coordinating Group. (*Ambrose Mzoma, Director of the Pensions and Financial Sector Division, MoF*)

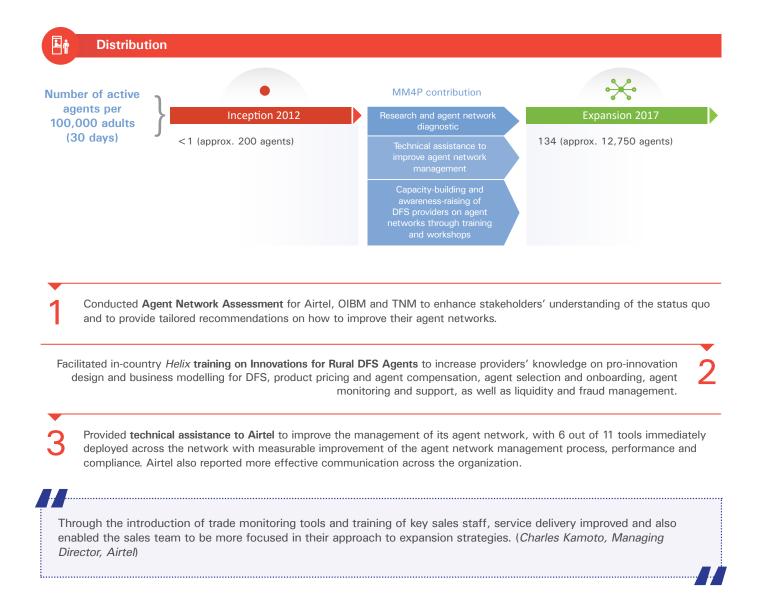
UNCDF through the MM4P programme significantly assisted TNM uncover pertinent ecosystem deficiencies that had previously been overlooked and to take corrective measures. (*Ernest Kalomba, Mobile Money Business Development Manager, TNM*)

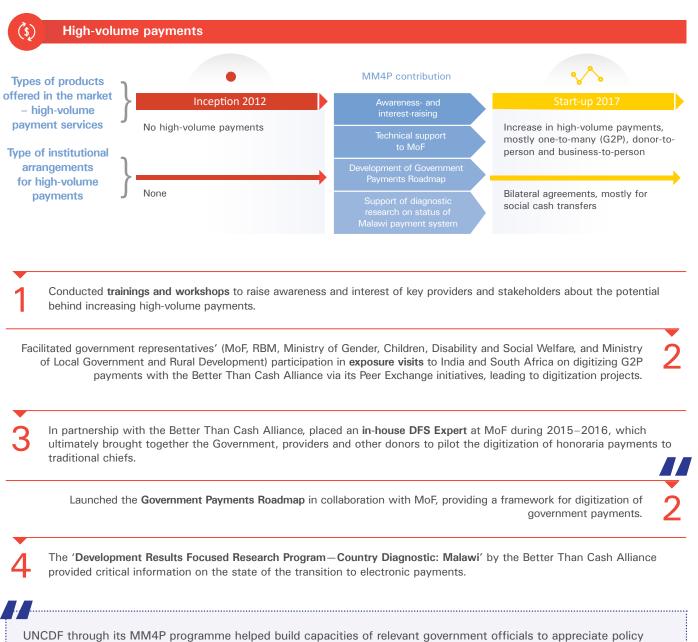
Policy and Regulation



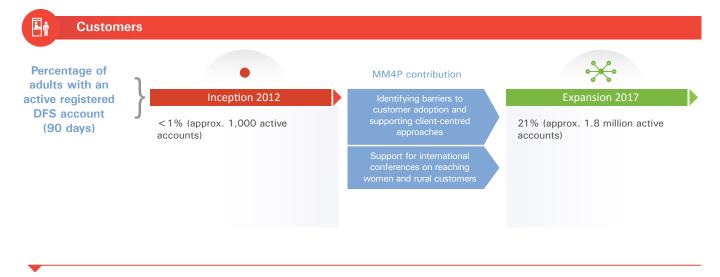


⁹ OIBM was acquired by FMB.





implications on digitization of payments through training, workshops and study tours. Technical support provided in developing the Government Payments Roadmap was very critical in that it has provided a strategic framework that Government and other stakeholders should undertake to accelerate digitization of payments. (*Ambrose Mzoma, Director of the Pensions and Financial Sector Division, MoF*)



Conducted a study with FinMark Trust on **Savings in Malawi**¹⁰ that identified the main challenges and opportunities for the expansion of savings.

Hosted two international conferences with six private-sector representatives on going rural (2015 **#DFSgoRural**) and four on serving women customers (2016 **#DFS4Women**). They resulted in two projects on agent strengthening in rural areas, as well as two projects on using a human-centered-design approach to foster employment of women in the DFS sector and women's financial inclusion.

Airtel learned and appreciated the barriers that women face in DFS. We also learned how we can overcome such barriers and penetrate this segment with DFS. (*Charles Kamoto, Managing Director, Airtel*)

Market analysis and strategy performed jointly with MM4P helped TNM to effectively target specific customer segments with relevant products and services. Process mapping training really helped to improve efficiency of back-office operations, and streamlined customer and agent transactional menus. (*Reuben Kocherani, Mpamba Agent Network Manager, TNM*)

UNCDF through its MM4P programme contributed significantly to the increase in adoption and usage of DFS through various forms of technical assistance to key providers. (*Ambrose Mzoma, Director of the Pensions and Financial Sector Division, MoF*)

¹⁰ See FinMark Trust, <u>Understanding the challenges and opportunities in promoting savings among low income individuals in Lesotho, Malawi and South Africa'</u> (n.p., November 2013).

The story continues...

Success is not self-evident. The road from 2012 to 2017 has been hilly and winding, with devaluations, delayed launches, frozen donor funds, cancelled projects and failed partnerships. In November 2014, an independent review of work by UNCDF in Malawi noted 'a premature end to MM4P activities ... would undoubtedly affect the sustainability of results to date: mobile money in Malawi is currently at a fragile stage in its trajectory, with a rising risk of stalling.'

At the end of 2017, both the demand for and the supply of DFS are now on a fast track. There is a saying that 'success has many parents while failure is an orphan.' There are many significant contributors to the recent success in Malawi with whom MM4P has had the privilege to work, most of all the Malawian people themselves who are now beginning to embrace this new way of managing their money. MM4P gratefully acknowledges everyone's contributions to this effort.

There are still several major barriers to advancing the financial resiliency of Malawians through DFS. Some of those barriers are being addressed by donor funding, but many are not. If these challenges are not overcome, the growth trend could easily plateau and become a case study of 'what could have been,' especially for those traditionally underserved and in rural areas.

MM4P hopes to continue its 5-year tradition of being an honest, trusted broker in Malawi in the DFS ecosystem. Counting on partnerships with donors and other stakeholders on the ground, MM4P looks forward to applying the ecosystem development approach through the following efforts:

- Helping smallholder farmers and urban migrants access financial services through digital means by helping DFS providers find sustainable ways to serve rural populations.
- Facilitating women's financial inclusion and consequently bettering socio-economic opportunities.
- Helping youth to build brighter economic futures, whether it be by building digital businesses or simply using digital services to find good work for fair pay.
- Supporting the Malawian Government and the regulatory ecosystem to keep up with global fintech regulatory trends, complementing the National Financial Inclusion Strategy, following the Payments Roadmap and improving innovative methods of databased decision-making.
- Building on these digital 'rails' to provide the critical services, such as quality education, health and energy, that people need to attain their sustainable development goals.

The programme is excited to move forward to the next breakthrough, and to share the story of DFS in Malawi with others.

Annexes

Annex 1: Workshops, events and exposure visits

Date	Description	No. of people	Institutions
Jun 2013	Workshop on Demand for Branchless Banking and Mobile Financial Services – Blantyre	37	20 financial service providers and other stakeholders
Jul 2013	Executive Payments Strategy Workshop – Blantyre	16	Key providers and stakeholders
Apr 2015	Malawi Digital Payments Ecosystem Induction Course – Lilongwe	20	Government ministries and departments, MACRA, Malawi Revenue Authority (MRA) and RBM
Apr 2015	G2P Payments Training for Government Stakeholders – Lilongwe	49	DFS providers and stakeholders
Aug 2015	G2P Payments Training for Government Stakeholders – Lilongwe	18	Government ministries and departments, MACRA, MRA and RBM
Nov 2015	Better Than Cash Alliance Peer Exchange – South Africa	5	Government ministries and RBM
Dec 2015	Conference on Regulating the Revolution: Rethinking the Regulation of Digital Financial Services	2	RBM
Mar 2017	Government Payments Roadmap Launch	39	Government ministries, DFS providers and stakeholders
Mar 2017	DFSCG: Workshop on Interoperability and Ecosystem Approach to DFS Development	17	DFSCG members
Aug 2017	DFSCG: Workshop on Southern African Development Community Mobile Money Guidelines	14	DFSCG members
Sep 2017	Better Than Cash Peer Exchange – India	2	MoF and RBM

Annex 2:

Trainings and scholarships

Date	Description	No. of people	Institutions
Mar 2014	Training of Trainers on Branchless Banking and Mobile Financial Services – Blantyre	12	RBM staff
Mar 2014	Core Agent Network Accelerator Training Course — Nairobi	7	Airtel, MSB, OIBM and TNM
Feb 2015	Innovating for Rural DFS Agents in Malawi Training – Lilongwe	18	Airtel, FHI360, FMB, MoF, MSB, NBS Bank, NBM, OIBM, RBM, TNM and Zoona
Oct 2016	DFI Digital Money Course	12	MoF, MSB, RBM and TNM
Oct 2017	DFI Digital Money Course	10	Airtel, FDH Bank, FINCA, MACRA, MoF, MRA, RBM, TNM and Zoona

Annex 3: Publications

Date	Publication title	
Nov 2013	Understanding the challenges and opportunities in promoting savings among low income individuals in Lesotho, Malawi and South Africa	
Mar 2014	The Regulation of Mobile Money in Malawi: Project Report	
Jun 2014	Developing successful agent networks in Malawi	
Jan 2015	Digital Financial Services in Malawi: Developing customer-centric strategy for digital financial services	
Mar 2015	Development Results Focused Research Program—Country Diagnostic: Malawi	
Dec 2015	Malawi Annual Monitor 2015	
Mar 2017	Government of Malawi Payments Roadmap	
Dec 2017	Digital Financial Services Price Transparency and Awareness in Malawi	

Annex 4:

Technical assistance agreements and other support

Start date	End date	Technical assistance agreement	Institutions
Jun 2013	Nov 2013	To conduct a study of savings in Malawi	FinMark Trust
Aug 2013	April 2014	To support TNM Mpamba to strengthen its current agent network and to improve activity rates for agents and customers	TNM
Oct 2013	Dec 2015	To identify and analyse fundamental legal and regulatory problems in mobile money regulation	RBM
Jan 2014	Dec 2016	To set up right processes and tools within RBM to collect financial inclusion data	RBM
Mar 2014	Dec 2014	To conduct an assessment of OIBM to understand the preparation required to set up its own agent network	OIBM
Apr 2014	Sep 2014	To support MSB to develop business case for DFS	MSB
Feb 2014	Dec 2017	To support Airtel Money to strengthen its current agent network and to improve the activity rates of customers and agents	Airtel
Oct 2015	Jun 2016	To help Airtel Money improve its agent network	Airtel
Oct 2017	Jun 2018	To leverage gender balance for Malawian DFS Providers Project	TNM
Oct 2017	Jun 2018	To leverage gender balance for Malawian DFS Providers Project	Zoona

Annex 5: Interviews

Institution	Date	Place	Channel
Airtel	Mar 2017	Lilongwe, Malawi	Annual Provider Survey
MACRA	Oct 2017	Blantyre, Malawi	Email
MoF	Oct 2017	Lilongwe, Malawi	Email
OIBM	Oct 2017	Tete, Mozambique	Email
RBM	Oct 2017	Lilongwe, Malawi	Email
TNM	Mar 2017	Blantyre, Malawi	Annual Provider Survey

Annex 6:

Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronym	Abbreviation	
ATS	Automated Transfer System	
CSD	Central Securities Depository	
DFI	Digital Frontiers Institute	
DFS	digital finance service(s)	
DFSCG	Digital Financial Services Coordinating Group	
FMB	First Merchant Bank	
FSTAP	Financial Sector Technical Assistance Programme	
G2P	government to person	
MACRA	Malawi Communications Regulatory Authority	
ММАР	Mobile Money Accelerator Programme	
MMCG	Mobile Money Coordinating Group	
MoF	Ministry of Finance, Economic Planning and Development	
MRA	Malawi Revenue Authority	
MSB	Malawi Savings Bank	
NatSwitch	National Switch	
NBM	National Bank of Malawi	
OIBM	Opportunity International Bank Malawi	
RBM	Reserve Bank of Malawi	
TNM	Telekom Networks Malawi	
UNCDF	United Nations Capital Development Fund	
USAID	United States Agency for International Development	

The MM4P programme launched in 2012 in Malawi as the first focus country because UNCDF saw that the gains in DFS were not reaching the least developed countries. MM4P was created to demonstrate how the correct mix of financial, technical and policy support can build a robust DFS ecosystem that reaches low-income people in these countries. In doing so, it has helped accelerate growth in several countries, identified some of the levers to help markets develop and supported efforts to reach the last mile.

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